Case 3:04-cr-00193-M Documen	nt 94 Filed 12/28/1	u.s. district court FILED
IN THE UNITEL) STATES DISTRI	CT COURTDEC 28 2015
NORTHER	N DISTRICT OF T	TEXAS Oa 1
	LLAS DIVISION	CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	§	By
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V.	§ No	o. 3:04-cr-193-M (01)
	§	
RAYAH MARKEITH WILLIAMS,	§	
D 4 1	§	
Defendant	X	

ORDER ACCEPTING FINDINGS, CONCLUSIONS, AND RECOMMENDATION OF THE UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE, OPENING A NEW CIVIL ACTION, AND DENYING A CERTIFICATE OF APPEALABILITY

The United States Magistrate Judge made findings, conclusions, and a recommendation in this case. An objection was filed by Defendant. The District Court reviewed de novo those portions of the proposed findings, conclusions, and recommendation to which objection was made, and reviewed the remaining proposed findings, conclusions, and recommendation for plain error. Finding no error, the Court ACCEPTS the Findings, Conclusions, and Recommendation of the United States Magistrate Judge.

The Clerk of the Court is directed to open for statistical purposes a new Section 2255 case (nature of suit 510 directly assigned, per Special Order 3-250, to United States District Judge Barbara M. G. Lynn and United States Magistrate Judge David L. Horan), to docket Defendant's letter [Dkt. No. 90] in the new civil action, and to close the same on the basis of this order.

Considering the record in this case and pursuant to Federal Rule of Appellate

Procedure 22(b), Rule 11(a) of the Rules Governing §§ 2254 and 2255 proceedings, and 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c), the Court DENIES a certificate of appealability. The Court adopts and incorporates by reference the Magistrate Judge's Findings, Conclusions, and Recommendation filed in this case in support of its finding that Movant has failed to show (1) that reasonable jurists would find this Court's "assessment of the constitutional claims debatable or wrong," or (2) that reasonable jurists would find "it debatable whether the petition states a valid claim of the denial of a constitutional right" and "debatable whether [this Court] was correct in its procedural ruling." Slack v. McDaniel, 529 U.S. 473, 484 (2000).1

In the event Defendant will file a notice of appeal – appealing the Court's denial of his construed Section 2255 motion as successive without prejudice to his right to seek leave from the United States Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit to file such a motion – the Court notes that he will need to pay the \$505.00 appellate

¹ Rule 11 of the Rules Governing §§ 2254 and 2255 Cases, as amended effective on December 1, 2009, reads as follows:

⁽a) Certificate of Appealability. The district court must issue or deny a certificate of appealability when it enters a final order adverse to the applicant. Before entering the final order, the court may direct the parties to submit arguments on whether a certificate should issue. If the court issues a certificate, the court must state the specific issue or issues that satisfy the showing required by 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2). If the court denies a certificate, the parties may not appeal the denial but may seek a certificate from the court of appeals under Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 22. A motion to reconsider a denial does not extend the time to appeal.

⁽b) Time to Appeal. Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 4(a) governs the time to appeal an order entered under these rules. A timely notice of appeal must be filed even if the district court issues a certificate of appealability.

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filing fee or submit a motion to proceed in forma pauperis.

SO ORDERED this 28 day of December, 2015.

BARBARA M. G. LYNN

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS